

## What is claimed:

- 1                   1.     An endoluminal device comprising at least one superelastic section and  
2     at least one plastically deformable section.
- 1                   2.     The device of claim 1, wherein the plastically deformable section has a  
2     greater x-ray visibility than the superelastic section.
- 1                   3.     The device of claim 1 having a length wherein each of the superelastic  
2     section and the plastically deformable section extend longitudinally along the length of the  
3     device.
- 1                   4.     The device of claim 1 further comprising a plurality of filaments  
2     including one or more superelastic filaments and one or more plastically deformable  
3     filaments.
- 1                   5.     The device of claim 4 having a length, wherein said one or more  
2     superelastic filaments extend longitudinally substantially parallel to said one or more  
3     plastically deformable filaments along the length of the stent.
- 1                   6.     The device of claim 5 having a first end and a second end, wherein  
2     each of said superelastic filaments and said plastically deformable filaments extends only  
3     once from the first end to the second end of the stent.
- 1                   7.     The device of claim 4 having a first end and a second end, wherein at  
2     least one of said superelastic filaments or deformable filaments longitudinally traverses the  
3     length of the stent from the first end to the second end in a plurality of columnar units.
- 1                   8.     The device of claim 4 consisting of a single superelastic filament and a  
2     single plastically deformable filament.
- 1                   9.     The device of claim 4, wherein each of said superelastic filaments is  
2     connected along one or more longitudinal portions thereof to another superelastic filament,  
3     another columnar unit of the same superelastic filament, one or more of said plastically  
4     deformable filaments, or a combination thereof, and each of said plastically deformable  
5     filaments is connected along one or more longitudinal portions thereof to another plastically

6 deformable filament, another columnar unit of the same plastically deformable filament, one  
7 or more of said superelastic filaments, or a combination thereof.

1 10. The device of claim 9, wherein the longitudinal portions are connected  
2 at a joint by one of: a brazed connection, a weld, an adhesive bond, or a suture.

1 11. The device of claim 9 further comprising one or more joints  
2 comprising: a first longitudinal portion of one of the superelastic filaments, a second  
3 longitudinal portion of one of the plastically deformable filaments abutting said first portion,  
4 and a joining coil wrapped about said first and second portions.

1 12. The device of claim 11, wherein said superelastic filaments comprise a  
2 superelastic grade of nitinol; said plastically deformable filaments comprise a material  
3 selected from the group consisting of: gold, platinum, tantalum, titanium, stainless steel,  
4 tungsten, a nickel alloy, a cobalt alloy, a titanium alloy, and a combination thereof; and said  
5 brazed coil comprises a thermal shape memory grade of nitinol.

1 13. The device of claim 1, wherein each said superelastic section comprises  
2 a precision-cut sheet or a longitudinally severed precision-cut tube.

1 14. The device of claim 13, wherein each said plastically deformable  
2 section comprises at least one columnar unit having a zig-zag configuration disposed between  
3 two superelastic sections or between opposite longitudinal edges of a single superelastic  
4 section.

1 15. The device of claim 14 consisting of a single plastically deformable  
2 section comprises a single columnar unit attached between opposite longitudinal edges of a  
3 single superelastic section.

1 16. The device of claim 1, wherein each plastically deformable section  
2 comprises a combination of superelastic material and plastically deformable material wherein  
3 said plastically deformable material constrains the superelastic material.

1 17. The device of claim 16, wherein said combination is selected from a  
2 group consisting of: plastically deformable material plated onto said superelastic material, a  
3 plastically deformable hypotube overlaid onto said superelastic material, ion implantation of

4 said plastically deformable material into said superelastic material, and a composite  
5 comprising said deformable material and said superelastic material.

1 18. The device of claim 16, wherein the combination comprises a  
2 composite comprising plastically deformable material sandwiched between inner and outer  
3 layers of superelastic material.

1 19. The device of claim 16, wherein the plastically deformable material is  
2 gold.

1 20. The device of claim 16 further comprising one or more hoops in a zig-  
2 zag configuration of oppositely-pointing apex sections, each plastically deformable section  
3 comprising one or more apex sections comprising said plastically deformable material.

1 21. The device of claim 19 further comprising a plurality of hoops wherein  
2 the apex sections pointed in a first direction on each of said hoops are longitudinally aligned  
3 and the plastically deformable apex sections on each of said hoops are longitudinally aligned.

1 22. The device of claim 1 having a first constrained diameter, a second  
2 fully-self-expanded diameter, and a third fully-forcibly-expanded diameter, wherein said  
3 third diameter is greater than said second diameter and said second diameter is greater than  
4 said first diameter.

1 23. The device of claim 1, wherein each of said superelastic sections  
2 comprises nitinol and each of said plastically deformable sections comprises a plastically  
3 deformable material selected from the group consisting of: gold, platinum, tantalum,  
4 titanium, stainless steel, tungsten, palladium, a nickel alloy, a titanium alloy, a cobalt alloy,  
5 and a combination thereof.

1 24. The device of claim 1, wherein the device is selected from the group  
2 consisting of: a stent and a vena cava filter.

1 25. The device of claim 1, wherein said at least one superelastic section  
2 comprises a first tubular section and said at least one plastically deformable section comprises  
3 a second tubular section.

1           26.    The device of claim 25, wherein the first tubular section consists  
2 essentially of a superelastic material alone and the second tubular section consists essentially  
3 of plastically deformable material alone.

1           27.    The device of claim 25, wherein the second tubular section comprises a  
2 combination of superelastic material and plastically deformable material having a first ratio of  
3 plastically deformable material to superelastic material.

1           28.    The device of claim 27, wherein the device comprises two opposite end  
2 sections having a middle section therebetween, the middle section comprising the first tubular  
3 section, and the two opposite ends each comprising second tubular sections.

1           29.    The device of claim 28, wherein each end section comprises the  
2 plastically deformable material aligned in longitudinal stripes between stripes of superelastic  
3 material.

1           30.    The device of claim 27, wherein the first tubular section comprises a  
2 combination of superelastic material and plastically deformable material having a second ratio  
3 of plastically deformable material to superelastic material less than said first ratio.

1           31.    The device of claim 25 further comprising a third tubular section  
2 comprising a superelastic section, the second tubular section disposed longitudinally between  
3 the first tubular section and the third tubular section, the first tubular section having a first  
4 fully-self-expanded diameter and the second tubular section having a second fully-self-  
5 expanded diameter.

1           32.    The device of claim 31, wherein the first fully-self-expanded diameter  
2 is less than the second fully-self-expanded diameter, and the second tubular section has a  
3 fully-forcibly-expanded diameter at least as great as said second fully-self-expanded diameter.

1           33.    A method of manufacturing an endoluminal device having an  
2 architecture, said method comprising:

3           (a)    forming a composite comprising a first layer comprising a first  
4 material, a second layer comprising the first material, and an intermediate layer between the  
5 first and second layers comprising a second material in a non-continuous distribution; and

6 (b) cutting or etching away portions of the composite tube in a pattern to  
7 form the device architecture.

1 34. The method of claim 33, wherein step (a) comprises forming the  
2 composite as a sheet and rolling the sheet to a desired thickness.

1 35. The method of claim 34 further comprising forming the sheet into a  
2 tube prior to step (b).

1 36. The method of claim 34 further comprising forming the device  
2 architecture into a tubular shape after step (b).

1 37. The method of claim 33, wherein step (a) comprises forming the  
2 composite as tube wherein the first layer is an inner annular layer and the second layer is an  
3 outer annular layer and the intermediate layer is an annular layer between the inner and outer  
4 layers.

1 38. The method of claim 33 wherein the non-continuous distribution  
2 comprises a continuous longitudinal stripe, a non-continuous longitudinal stripe, a continuous  
3 transverse stripe, or a non-continuous transverse rings.

1 39. A method of deploying an endoluminal device in a body lumen, the  
2 device comprising at least one superelastic section and at least one plastically deformable  
3 section, the method comprising:

4 (a) introducing the device into the body lumen with the device radially  
5 constrained in a first configuration having a first diameter;

6 (b) allowing the device to self-expand into a second configuration having a  
7 second diameter greater than the first diameter and less than or equal to a fully-self-expanded  
8 diameter; and optionally,

9 (c) forcibly expanding the device into a third configuration in which at  
10 least one longitudinal portion of said device has a third diameter greater than said second  
11 diameter and equal to or less than a fully-forcibly-expanded diameter.

1                   40.     The method of claim 39 wherein step (c) comprises using a balloon to  
2     forcibly expand said device into said third configuration.

1                   41.     The method of claim 40 wherein step (c) further comprises using said  
2     balloon to forcibly expand at least portions of said device into a fourth, intermediate  
3     configuration having a fourth, overexpanded diameter greater than said fully-forcibly-  
4     expanded diameter, and then allowing said device to relax to said third configuration.

1                   42.     The method of claim 39 wherein the device comprises a first, tubular  
2     section comprising one of the superelastic sections and a second tubular section comprising  
3     one of the plastically-deformable sections, the first tubular section having a first fully-self-  
4     expanded diameter and the second tubular section having a fully-forcibly expanded diameter  
5     greater than the first fully-self-expanded diameter, the method further comprising:

6                   in step (a) introducing the device into the body lumen with the device radially  
7     constrained in the first configuration in which each tubular section has the first diameter;

8                   in step (b) allowing the device to self-expand into the second configuration in  
9     which the first tubular section has the second diameter; and

10                  in step (c) forcibly expanding the device into the third configuration in which  
11     the second tubular section has a diameter greater than the second diameter of the first tubular  
12     section.

1                   43.     The method of claim 42, wherein the device is deployed in a lumen  
2     comprising a tapered portion, the method further comprising:

3                   in step (b) allowing the device to expand in a location wherein the second  
4     tubular section is aligned with the tapered portion of the lumen; and

5                   in step (c) forcibly expanding said second tubular section to conform to said  
6     tapered portion of the lumen such that the second tubular section comprises a variable  
7     diameter expanding from essentially the second diameter of the first tubular section at a first  
8     end to larger diameter at a second end.

1                   44.     The method of claim 42, wherein the device has a middle section and  
2     two opposite end sections, the first tubular section comprises the middle section, the end

3 sections each comprise second tubular sections, the device is introduced into the body on a  
4 balloon catheter, and in step (b) the second configuration comprises a configuration wherein  
5 the second tubular sections remain in contact with the balloon catheter.

1 45. The method of claim 42, wherein the device has a middle section and  
2 two opposite end sections, the first tubular section comprises the middle section, the end  
3 sections each comprise second tubular sections, and the third configuration into which the  
4 second tubular section is forcibly expanded in step (c) comprises a configuration wherein one  
5 or both end sections are tapered.

6 46. The method of claim 39 wherein the device comprises a first, tubular  
7 section comprising one of the superelastic sections, a second tubular section comprising one  
8 of the plastically-deformable sections, and a third tubular section comprising one of said  
9 superelastic sections, the second tubular section disposed longitudinally between the first  
10 tubular section and the third tubular section, the first tubular section having a first fully-self-  
11 expanded diameter, the third tubular section having a second fully-self-expanded diameter  
12 greater than or equal to the first fully-self-expanded diameter, and the second tubular section  
13 having a fully-forcibly expanded diameter at least as great as the second fully-self-expanded  
14 diameter, the method further comprising:

1 in step (a) introducing the device into the body lumen with the device radially  
2 constrained in the first configuration in which each tubular section has a first diameter;

3 in step (b) allowing the device to self-expand into the second configuration in  
4 which the first and third tubular sections each have respective second diameters greater than  
5 the respective first diameters and less than or equal to the respective fully-self-expanded  
6 diameters; and

7 in step (c) forcibly expanding the device into the third configuration in which  
8 the second tubular section has a diameter greater than said second diameter of the first  
9 tubular section.

1 47. The method of claim 46 wherein said third tubular section has a greater  
2 fully-self-expanded diameter than said first tubular section, and wherein the device is  
3 deployed in a lumen comprising a smaller diameter portion, a larger diameter portion greater

4 than said smaller diameter portion, and a tapered portion between said smaller diameter  
5 portion and said larger diameter portion, the method further comprising:

6 in step (b) allowing the device to expand in a location wherein the first tubular  
7 section is aligned with the smaller diameter portion of the lumen, the second tubular section  
8 is aligned with the tapered portion of the lumen, and the third tubular section is aligned with  
9 the larger diameter portion of the lumen; and

10 in step (c) forcibly expanding said second tubular section to conform to said  
11 tapered portion of the lumen such that the second tubular section comprises a variable  
12 diameter ranging from essentially the second diameter of the first tubular section at a first end  
13 to essentially the second diameter of the third tubular section at a second end.